Array 3D Structures

Filling Out the Array 3D Image Data Structure

The **<***Array_3D_Image>* class is a specialization of the *<Array_3D>* generic class. Use it if your 3D array should be considered as a single image in which the individual pixels comprise a series of values (as in an RGB color image, for example).

For an *Array_3D_Image*, follow the instructions for Filling Out the Array_3D Data Structure in the section below, with the following additional constraints/requirements:

- Use <Array_3D_Image> and </Array_3D_Image> rather than <Array_3D> and </Array_3D>
- You absolutely *must* include a <*Display_Settings*> class in the <*Discipline_Area*> of the label. This class must include *Display_Direction* for the primary plane (however you define it), and *Movie_Display_Settings* if your third axis is time. If your third axis is wavelength, please consider including a *Color_Display_Settings* class for generating color previews of your image cube. See <u>Filling Out the Display Dictionary Class</u> for more information.

Filling Out the Array 3D Movie Data Structure

The **<***Array_3D_Movie***>** class is a specialization of the **<***Array_3D***>** generic class. Use it if your 3D array should be considered as a set of 2D images taken in chronological sequence.

For an *Array_3D_Movie*, follow the instructions for Filling Out the Array_3D Data Structure in the section below, with the following additional constraints/requirements:

- Use <Array_3D_Movie> and </Array_3D_Movie> rather than <Array_3D> and </Array_3D>
- You absolutely *must* include a <*Display_Settings>* class, with a <*Movie_Display_Settings>* subclass, in the *Discipline_Area* of your label to describe the correct way to orient and run the movie. See <u>Filling Out the Display Dictionary Class</u> for more information.

Filling Out the Array 3D Spectrum Data Structure

The **<***Array_3D_Spectrum***>** class is a specialization of the *<Array_3D***>** generic class. Use it if your 3D array should be considered as a series of *Array_2D_Spectrum* objects.

For an *Array_3D_Spectrum*, follow the instructions for Filling Out the Array_3D Data Structure in the section below, with the following additional constraints/requirements:

- Use <Array_3D_Spectrum> and </Array_3D_Spectrum> rather than <Array_3D> and </ Array_3D>
- Include a <*Display_Settings*> class from the Display Discipline Dictionary to define the correct way to orient and display the planes of the cube. Also, consider using a *Color_Display_Settings* class from the same dictionary if it makes sense to, for use in generating preview or thumbnail images of your spectral cube. See <u>Filling Out the Display</u> <u>Dictionary Class</u> for more information.
- You absolutely *must* include a <*Spectral_Characteristics*> class from the Spectral Discipline Dictionary to describe things like binning and the location of the spectral axis or axes in your data. See <u>Filling Out the Spectral Dictionary Class</u> for more information.

Filling Out the Array 3D Data Structure

The **<Array_3D>** class is the generic base class that underlies all the other **<Array_3D_*>** classes. Use it when one of the more specialized classes is not appropriate and you don't need access to any software developed specifically for them.

For an *Array_3D*, follow the instructions for <u>Filling Out the Array_2D Data Structure</u>, with the following additional constraints/requirements:

- Use <Array_3D> and </Array_3D> rather than <Array_2D> and </Array_2D>
- **<axes>** must have a value of **3**, rather than **2**.
- There must be three <Axis_Array> classes, rather than two.
- You should include a <*Display_Settings*> class from the Display Discipline Dictionary in your *Discipline_Area* to define the correct way to display at least whatever constitutes a "plane" in your structure. If you think this does not apply to your data, please contact your node consultant. See <u>Filling Out the Display Dictionary Class</u> for additional information.